### Keio University Syllabus and Timetable

# JAPANESE TRADITIONAL ART OF HUMOR

Subtitle	Ukiyoe, Gesaku, and Short Novels
Lecturer(s)	KATSUMATA, MOTOI
Credit(s)	2
Academic Year/Semester	2024 Spring
Day/Period	Mon.2
Campus	Mita
Classroom	462
Class Format	Face-to-face classes (conducted mainly in-person)
Registration Number	19586
Faculty/Graduate School	INTERNATIONAL CENTER
Year Level	2, 3, 4
Grade Type	S, A, B, C, D
K-Number  Detail	CIN-CO-90123-212-01

### Course Contents/Objectives/Teaching Method/Intended Learning Outcome

Japanese society has loved humor and generated various humorous arts. Looking back in history, we can see the origins during the Edo period as the business of printing was becoming more established and images and words resonated throughout society.

In this course, we will examine the traditional arts of humor between the 17th and 19th centuries in English translation. Selections have been chosen in terms of connection between images and words. These include pictures, *gesaku* (戱作, popular fiction written in the mid-18th century), and short novels.

The focus of each class meeting will be on close reading and discussion. Students are therefore expected to write brief response essays (approximately 150 words) before each class, starting with our 3rd meeting and continuing through to the 14th meeting. This should include a personal reactions and potential discussion topics.

As a final project, each student will be required to submit a final paper. The writing assignments will be evaluated for their coherence, critical argumentation, persuasiveness, and thoroughness of engagement with the material. Success in this course is based on the expectation that students will spend a minimum of 2 hours of study time per week in preparation for class (readings, papers, discussions, preparation for exams, etc.). The class will be held all in English.

Active Learning Methods () Description

Discussions, Debates

Preparatory Study

Prior to every class, you need to read the text and submitt a short report(approximately 150 words).

Course Plan

Lesson 1

#### Lesson 2

Pictures 1: Manga Hagio Moto"The Willow Tree (Yanagi no Ki, 柳の木)"

#### Lesson 3

Pictures 2: Ukiyo-e Utagawa Kuniyoshi(歌川国芳)'s works

#### Lesson 4

Gesaku 1: Monsters "The Monster Takes a Bride"

#### Lesson 5

Gesaku 2: Playboy(1) "Playboy, Grilled Edo Style (Edo Umare Uwaki no Kabayaki, 江戸生艶気蒲焼)"

#### Lesson 6

Gesaku 3: Playboy(2) "Playboy, Grilled Edo Style (Edo Umare Uwaki no Kabayaki, 江戸生艶気蒲焼)"

#### Lesson 7

Gesaku 4: Playboy(3) "Playboy, Grilled Edo Style (Edo Umare Uwaki no Kabayaki, 江戸生艶気蒲焼)"

#### Lesson 8

Gesaku 5: Describing the game of love "Forty-Eight echniques for Success with Courtesans (Keisei-Kai Shijūhatte, 傾城買四十八手)"

#### Lesson 9

Short novel 1: Describing human nature "They Thought Him No Different from Grubs (*Hito Niwa Bofuri Mushi Dozen Ni Omoware*, 人には棒振虫同然に思は れ)"

#### Lesson 10

Short novel 2: Money(1) "The Foremost Lodger in the Land" from "The Japanese family Storehouse (Nihon Eitai Gura, 日本永代蔵)"

#### Lesson 11

Short novel 3: Money(2) 'Mr. Heitarō' from "Worldly Mental Culculations (Seken Munezan'yō, 世間胸算用)"

#### Lesson 12

Short novel 4: Male-male sexuality in samurai society Preface and 'Through Bearing an Umbrella, He was Rained Upon' from "The Great Mirror of Male Love (*Nanshoku Ōkagami*, 男色大鑑)"

#### Lesson 13

Short novel 5: Male-male sexuality in kabuki society

'He Pleaded for His Life at Mitsudera Hachiman' from "The Great Mirror of Male Love (Nanshoku Ōkagami, 男色大 鑑)"

#### Lesson 14

Short novel 6: Filial Piety 'I am a Priest at End of my Road' from "Twenty Local Paragons of Unfilial Piety (*Honchō Niju Fukō*,本朝二十不孝)"

#### Other

Office hour

# Method of Evaluation

Attendance 10 % Class participation 50% Web posts 15% Final paper 25%

## Textbooks

N/A: The teacher prepares pdf text for each week.

# **Reference Books**

Ihara Saikaku, The Great Mirror of Male Love, tr. Paul Gordon Schalow (California: Stanford University Press, 1990).

Ihara Saikaku, Worldly Mental Calculations, tr. Ben Befu (Berkeley: University of California Press, 1976).